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# Unveiling the secret of information rediffusion process on social media from information coupling perspective: a hybrid approach of machine learning and regression model

Presenter: Zhen Yan

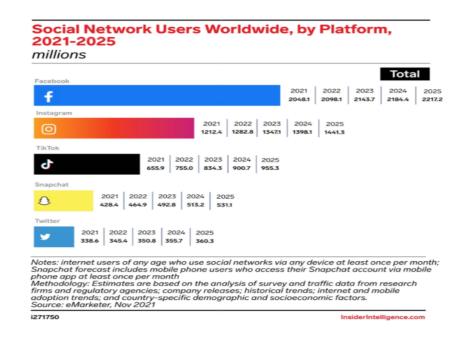
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Date: 23rd, April, 2024

#### Motivation

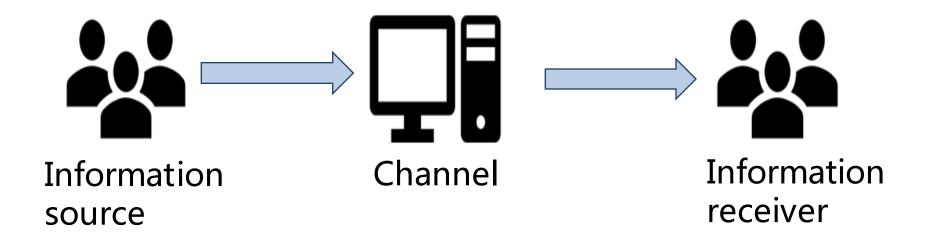




In the information booming era, the development of social media platforms:

- > Provide access for users to share information and interact with others;
- Melt the barriers of communication;
- Motivate information diffusion with a fast speed.

#### Information diffusion process



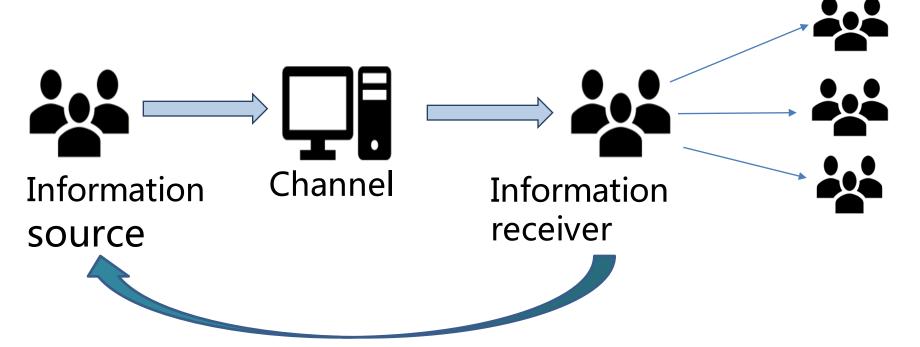
Key factors in information diffusion process:

- Emotional changes
- Semantic relations

#### Information rediffusion process

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#### Information rediffusion process



**Information coupling**: the degree of **difference** between **information source** and the **User-generated-content** (UGC), the content that is created by members of the general public and distributed over the internet (Daugherty et al. 2008, Krumm et al. 2008)

#### Motivation



- Why do these difference appear?
- ◆ What kind of factors influence these difference?
- ◆ Does information rediffusion process keep consistency with information diffusion process?
- ◆ Is there any mechanism being neglected?

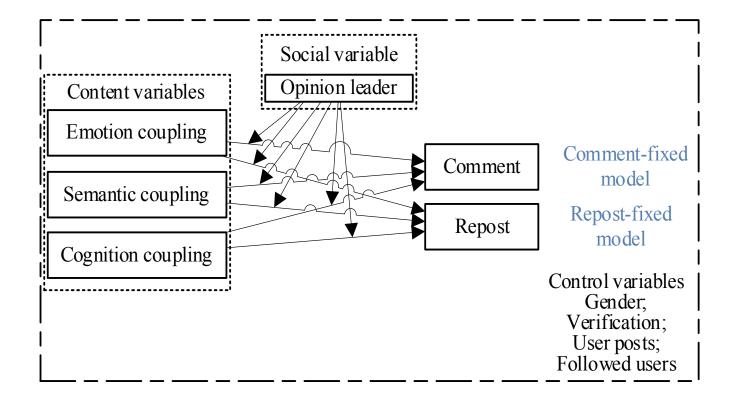
# Research Questions

RQs 1: How does information coupling influence information rediffusion in terms of commenting?

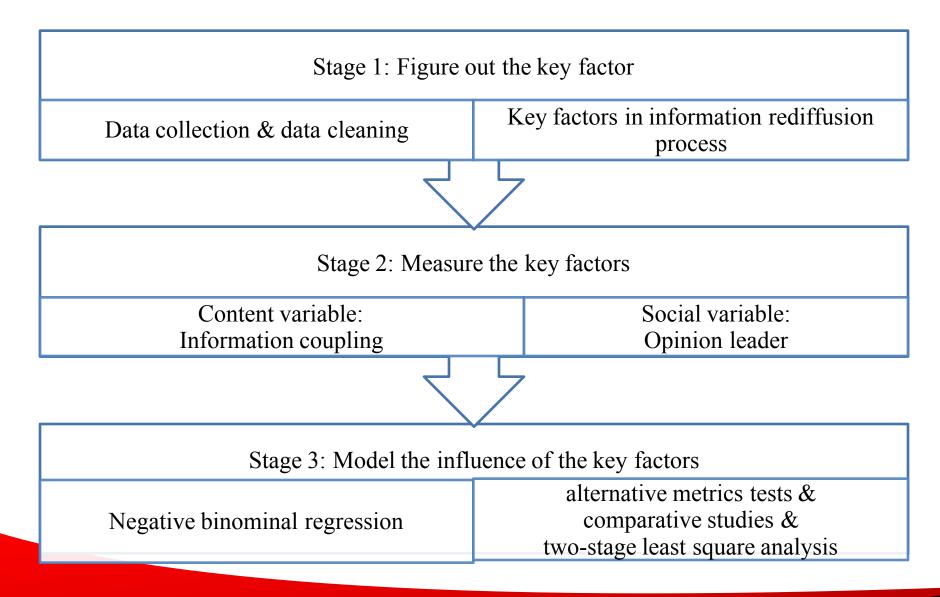
RQs 2: How does information coupling influence information rediffusion in terms of reposting?

RQs 3: How do opinion leaders affect information rediffusion?

# **Conceptual model**



#### **Research Framework**



# Data collection & cleaning

Source: Sina Microblog வேல்க்க

Time span: 1 Dec 2021-1 Jun 2022

Data volume: 4,017 pieces of news and 416,358 pieces of UGC

Topic: public health emergencies

Resaved data volume after cleaning: 4,017 pieces of news and resaved 415,473 pieces of UGC (i.e. remove repeated data and symbol-only data and Jieba word split).

Variables	Definition	Description	Measurement
Independent variables			
comment	Sum of comments	Number of comments	Frequency
Repost	Sum of reposts	Number of repost	Frequency
Dependent variables			
Emotional coupling	Emotional intensity	Degree of sentiment polarity difference between the news and UGC	BERT & Difference
Semantic coupling	Content similarity in semantic level	Degree of topic similarity between the news and UGC	LDA & K-means & Cosine similarity
Cognitive coupling	Cognition similarity in metaphorical level	Degree of metaphorical expressions similarity between the news and UGC	WordNet & Cosine similarity
Moderate variable			
Social variables	Opinion leader	Followers of user more than 10,000 and with Big V badge	Followers more than 10,000 ∩Big V badge
Control variables			
Gender	The gender of the user	The gender	Male=1; Female=0
Verification	Microblog level of the user	The status of the user	Status= $(0,1,250)$
Number of user posts	Sum of user posts	Number of users posts in his account	Number of posts
Number of followed users	Sum of user followed accounts	Number of followed users in microblog	Number of followed accounts

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Cognitive coupling	Cognitive Cognition Degree coupling Similarity in express metaphorical level		WordNet & Cosine similarity		
Moderate variable					
Social variables Opinion leader		Followers of user more than 1 Big V badge	0,000 and with Followers more than 10,000 ∩Big V badge		
Control variables					
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Sentiment polarity = positive + negative Emotional coupling =  $SP_{UGC}$ -  $SP_{news}$ 

Variables	Definition			
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### Model regression-comment fixed model

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# Model regression-repost fixed model

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# Model regression-moderate effect model

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# Findings and Discussions

#### Mean, standard error and correlation variables in comment-fixed model

variables	M	SD		Comm	ent-fixed mo	odels	
			Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4	Model 5
Emotional coupling	1.084	0.557		1.007**	1.210**	1.014**	1.001**
Semantic coupling	1.033	0.034			0.667***	0.698***	0.699***
Cognitive coupling	1.401	0.505				0.637***	0.658***
Opinion leader	3.706	0.007					0.227*
Gender	0.800	0.201	$0.450^{**}$	0.417**	0.415**	0.454**	0.421**
Verification	1.462	0.211	0.599***	0.554***	0.534***	0.522***	0.535***
User posts	-9.895	1.105	-1.122***	-1.145***	-1.146***	-1.136***	-1.131***
Followed users	-2.566	0.001	0.487***	0.424***	0.402***	0.467***	0.435***
R2			0.645	0.786	0.782	0.784	0.788
Note: * p < .05. ** p < .01. ***			<b>—</b>	<b></b>	<b>T</b>	•	

The three types of information coupling are all significantly influencing commenting information redifussion process.

#### Mean, standard error and correlation variables in repost-fixed effect model

variables	M	SD			Repost-fixed	models	
			Model 6	Model 7	Model 8	Model 9	Model 10
Emotional coupling	1.084	0.557		0.946**	0.958**	0.954**	0.967**
Semantic coupling	1.033	0.034			0.417***	0.535***	0.447***
Cognitive coupling	1.401	0.505				0.668***	0.674***
Opinion leader	3.706	0.007					3.388**
Gender	0.800	0.201	$0.857^{**}$	$0.842^{**}$	0.756**	$0.631^{**}$	0.817**
Verification	1.462	0.211	2.345**	2.398**	2.452**	2.354**	2.315**
User posts	-9.895	1.105	-0.475***	-0.425***	-0.397***	-0.545***	-0.465***
Followed users	-2.566	0.001	0.035***	0.041***	0.042***	0.038***	0.048***
R2			0.771	0.782	0.781	0.786	0.788
Note: * p < .05. ** p < .01.	*** p < .00	1.					

The three types of information coupling are all significantly influencing reposting in information redifussion process.

#### The moderated effect of opinion leader on comment and repost

Variables	Model 11 (comment)	Model 12 (repost)	<del>_</del>
Emotional coupling × opinion leader	2.317*** (0.381)	0.389*** (0.535)	
Semantic coupling × opinion leader	0.532*** (0.064)	2.359*** (0.086)	
Cognitive coupling × opinion leader	2.304*** (0.443)	2.707*** (0.570)	The moderating effects
gender	0.454** (0.293)	0.631** (0.293)	of opinion leaders are all significantly
Verification	0.522*** (2.050)	2.354** (2.050)	influencing commenting and
User posts	-1.136*** (1.434)	-0.545*** (0.434)	reposting in information redifussion process.
Followed users	0.467*** (3.634)	0.038*** (3.634)	1
R <sup>2</sup> Note: Standard errors in parenthes	es; p < .05. $p < .05. $ $p < .01. $ $p < .001.$	0.642	<u></u>

#### Model validation-Alternative metrics test & comparative studies

Variables	Model 13 (comment)	Model 14(repost)
Emotional coupling	0.281**	0.274**
Semantic coupling	0.192***	0.231***
Cognitive coupling	0.823***	0.713***
Emotional coupling × opinion leader	1.102***	0.901***
Semantic coupling × opinion leader	0.910***	1.085***
Cognitive coupling × opinion leader	0.991***	1.642***
gender	0.890***	0.631**
Verification	0.754*	2.354**
User posts	-4.000***	-0.545***
Followed users	-0.001*	0.038***
<b>Rete:</b> p < .05. ** p < .01. *** p <	.001. 0.235	0.286

Alternative metrics test:
emotional couplingsentiment dictionary;
semantic coulingWord2vec;
cognitive couplingmetaphor corpus & cooccurrences.
Comparative studies:
OLS.

#### Model validation- Two stage least square analysis

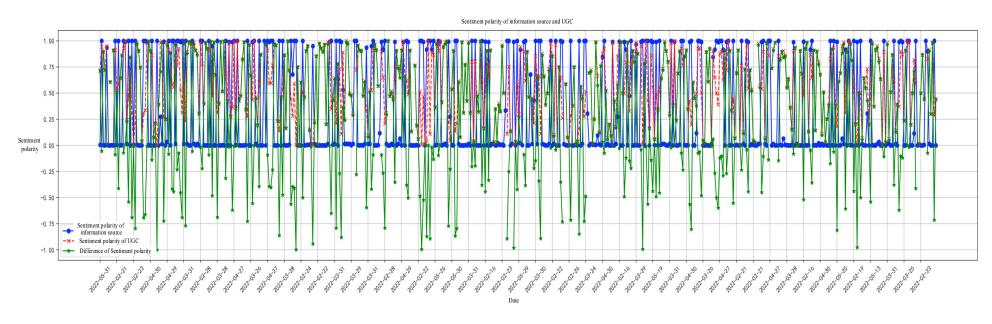
Variables	Model 15 (comment)	Model 15(repost)
Emotional coupling	0.201**	0.205**
Semantic coupling	0.130***	0.156***
Cognitive coupling	0.432***	0.524***
Emotional coupling × opinion leader	1.502***	1.361***
Semantic coupling × opinion leader	1.263***	1.258***
Cognitive coupling × opinion leader	1.552***	1.559***
gender	0.320***	0.221**
Verification	0.724*	1.364**
User posts	-2.338***	-2.006***
Followed users	-0.238*	0.217***
$R_{\text{otte: }p < .05.}^{2} ** p < .01. *** p < .001.$	0.455	0.512



Emotional and semantic coupling prompt information rediffusion through comments, while reposting typically depends on emotional and cognitive coupling.



The moderating effects of opinion leaders in reposting are more significant than commenting, especially the semantic and cognitive coupling.



Emotional fluctuation in time span

Difference in emotional intensity between a piece of news and some UGC is a highly significant factor which fluctuates dramatically. This is supported by cognitive dissonance theory.

Theoretical implications

The effect of opinion leaders in moderation model explicitly displays the "nudge" effect of opinion leaders in social network as twostep flow theory posits.

Practical implications

Social media platforms should be aware that differences in emotion are critical for attracting comments to a post, whereas cognitive differences are the primary reason for the inclination of people to share/repost information with their friends.

Opinion leaders, who would like to enhance their influence, should be aware of the basic human need for trust and visibility by others, especially using metaphorical expressions. 

# Thanks for your attention! Q & A!

Presenter: Zhen Yan

Date: 23rd, April, 2024

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